
	LOS LUNAS POLICE DEPARTMENT		
	OPERATIONS	NUMBER: OPR.08.01	EFFECTIVE DATE: July 02, 2010
	SUBJECT: Prisoner / Patient Transport		REVIEW DATE: September 14, 2017
	AMENDS/ SUPERSEDES:	NMSA:	
NMMLEPSC STANDARDS: OPR.08.01-OPR.08.06, OPR.09.01, OPR.10.03 -10.06		APPROVED BY CHIEF OF POLICE NAITHAN G. GURULE  Signature	

I. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

In all instances involving the transfer of persons in custody of the Department, there are concerns that should be kept in mind for the safety and rights of prisoners. At the same time the Department must insure that these persons do not escape and that they are not permitted to injure citizens or police personnel. This order establishes guidelines for all officers in the safe transportation of prisoners.

II. VEHICLES

- A. All patrol vehicles, unless otherwise designated, are equipped for transporting prisoners.
- B. Units with cages are the primary transporting units in order to insure the safety of prisoners and officers.
- C. Vehicles used for transporting prisoners are equipped and modified to minimize possibilities of prisoner exit from the rear compartment.
- D. Vehicles used for transporting are equipped and modified in the following manner:
 1. Protective screen;
 2. Rear door release is operated from either the front compartment or from the outside of the vehicle; and
 3. Rear compartment window movement has been made inoperable.

III. PHYSICAL SEARCH OF PRISONERS/VEHICLES

- A. When making an arrest, an officer shall conduct a thorough, systematic search of the prisoner. This search is intended to uncover any weapons, contraband or other articles on the prisoner that could cause injury to the officer or facilitate an escape. The officer shall take possession of all weapons and evidence prior to placing the prisoner in the police vehicle. If practical, this search should be conducted by an officer of the same sex.
- B. In the event the prisoner is turned over to another officer for transportation or is being transported from a holding facility to court, etc., the prisoner shall be searched by the transporting officer before being placed into a unit.
- C. Each time a prisoner is to be transported, the transporting vehicle should be examined before and after the transport to ensure that no contraband or similar items are present. Because police vehicles are not ordinarily under constant observation, a search is made to assure that no contraband, weapon or other harmful item has been placed or left in the vehicle. This is to include a thorough examination of the rear seat compartment.

IV. TRANSPORT OPERATIONS

- A. Prisoners transported in a police vehicle equipped with a protective screen will be placed in the rear seat.
- B. All prisoners will be seat belted anytime they are being transported, except in circumstances where the officer believes that he/she may be placing themselves in danger by placing a prisoner in a seatbelt (example: non-cooperative, violent, combative person, etc.)
- C. If an officer believes seat belting a prisoner places them in danger, that officer must notify the on-duty supervisor and indicate in their report the facts and circumstances for the decision not to seat belt the prisoner.
- D. No more than three (3) prisoners will be transported at one time in the same vehicle. However, if possible, they should be separated if from the same incident for safety and/or investigative reasons. Transporting more than one prisoner will be at the discretion of the officer/supervisor. Officer safety takes precedence.
- E. Use of restraints to secure prisoner is limited to the following department approved restraining devices:

1. Double locking handcuffs
 2. Belly chain
 3. Leg restraints
 4. Double locking leg shackles
- F. All prisoners or persons in protective custody will be handcuffed behind their backs, if possible, and remain so restrained while being transported to a detention facility. Restraining a prisoner through a procedure commonly known as 'hog-tying' shall not be utilized.
- G. Exceptions may be made for the elderly, pregnant, ill or injured individuals, or other persons with physical handicaps, which require the use of modified procedures.
- H. If a prisoner is transported from the detention facility to another location, the officer will employ the use of restraints.
- I. If the prisoner poses a flight risk or increased danger to the officer, the additional use of a belly chain, leg restraint or leg shackles may be utilized.
- J. Prisoners will not be allowed to contact an attorney, family members, or friends while they are being transported to the detention facility. The prisoner will be advised that unless otherwise prohibited, they will be allowed to communicate with their attorney and/or family member once they have been booked into the detention facility.
- K. If the prisoner is being transported to court, medical facility, etc., extra care should be taken in this regard to limit access to telephone, etc. Unless otherwise authorized by a supervisor, the prisoner will not be allowed to have contact with family members while there. If their attorney wishes to speak to them at court, they will be allowed.
- L. While the transporting officer has custody of the prisoner, the officer will keep the prisoner under observation at all times.

V. RESPONSE TO EMERGENCIES DURING TRANSFERS

- A. Officers involved in transporting prisoners do not ordinarily respond to calls for law enforcement service. Exceptions to this policy include:
1. Life threatening circumstances;
 2. Serious injury to any person is likely; or

3. Request for emergency assistance from another officer.
- B. All other situations encountered by the transporting officer requiring police response shall be reported via police radio.

VI. ESCAPE OF PRISONER IN TRANSPORT

- A. Should a prisoner escape during transport, the transporting officer shall:
 1. Immediately notify dispatch of the escape and request assistance in the search and apprehension of the escapee.
 2. Notify the appropriate law enforcement agencies for assistance if the escape takes place outside the Village limits of Los Lunas, the officer shall cooperate with local authorities in completing any necessary reports.
 3. Notify an immediate supervisor as soon as practical.
- B. The transporting officer shall submit a complete report on the escape as soon as practical.
- C. If the prisoner is recaptured within a reasonable time period, the prisoner may additionally be charged with any applicable crimes. If the prisoner is recaptured outside a reasonable time period, they are still considered under arrest on the original charge. Any additional charges may be sought through the issuance of a warrant.
- D. If the prisoner is not recaptured, the officer shall prepare the necessary paperwork to obtain a warrant.

VII. SPECIAL TRANSPORT SITUATIONS

- A. Transporting prisoners of opposite sex/juvenile:

When it is necessary for an officer to transport a prisoner of the opposite sex or a juvenile the officer will notify the dispatcher of the location, beginning mileage, and destination. Upon arrival at the destination, the officer will notify the dispatcher of the ending mileage and location.

- B. Transporting prisoners with handicaps

1. Due care should be taken when transporting handicapped

individuals. Careful evaluation and discretion must be utilized by officers in determining when exceptions to restraints should apply. The nature of an individual's illness, injury, or physical handicap must be weighed against the threat the individual poses to the officer or citizens. Partial restraint is preferable to no restraint at all.

2. Consideration should be given to see that necessary handicap aids (i.e., crutches, wheelchairs, etc.) as well as prescription medicines are transported and must be turned over to the detention facility staff.
3. The officer should use discretion when using restraining devices on handicapped prisoners; however, it should not be automatically assumed that a handicapped prisoner poses no flight risk or danger to the officer.

C. Transporting sick/injured prisoners

1. If a subject has been injured prior to being arrested (i.e., bar fight, etc.) or while the arrest is being effected and has any visibly obvious injuries which require medical attention (more than first aid), they will not be accepted into the Valencia County Detention Facility and should first be transported to a medical facility for treatment. This transportation will be done in an ambulance with appropriate police presence. If the prisoner refuses medical treatment, he will not be transported, at the discretion of EMS personnel and the details will be documented in the associated reports of the incident.
2. If a prisoner needs to be transported to a medical facility for an emergency complaint or is not mobile, an ambulance will respond.
4. Officers should restrain sick or injured prisoners in the approved method, being cognizant that they may still pose a flight risk or danger to the officer.
5. If a prisoner is transported to a medical facility, he should be restrained as much as possible. The use of handcuffs is recommended to discourage and inhibit movement. The prisoner should remain under constant supervision of the officer.
6. If the prisoner needs to be admitted to the medical facility, the

officer will immediately contact a supervisor to make arrangements either for a release, a hold or additional security measures.

D. Transporting Mentally Disturbed Individuals.

1. Officers may be called to transport a mental patient who presents a likelihood of causing serious harm to themselves or others to either the Valencia County Detention Facility or a hospital for evaluation and/or admission. Before transporting, officers should confirm that the necessary arrangements have been made for admission to a facility.
2. Prisoners known or suspected of being mentally disturbed should be restrained securely through the use of approved restraints.
3. The transporting officer shall be notified prior to leaving the detention facility if the prisoner poses either an escape risk has a suicide potential or illness.

E. Extradition

1. When the extradition of a wanted person or prisoner is necessary, two officers will be required.

VIII. SECURITY UPON ARRIVAL AT DESTINATION

- A. Upon arrival at the Valencia County Detention Facility the officer will secure their firearms in the authorized lock boxes or within the trunk of their vehicle. The key to the lock box or the trunk of the vehicle will be placed in a location to prevent access by the prisoner. The prisoner will then be removed from the vehicle and released to the custody of the correction officers.
- B. If the subject is unruly and violent, he/she will be taken directly to a cell and the use of any restraints at that time will comply with regulations set forth by the Valencia County Detention Facility.
- C. If the prisoner is being transported to the Valencia County Detention Facility or another detention facility, the same procedures should be followed if no designated lock boxes are available, the officers will secure their weapon(s) in the trunk of their unit.
- D. In the event a prisoner presents a security hazard to the court, the respective judge shall be notified prior to arraignment so that other

arrangements or additional restraints may be utilized.

IX. DOCUMENTATION

- A. Any prisoner being transported from a detention facility must be positively identified as the person who is to be moved. This should be done by checking booking records assigned to the prisoner. The prisoner should not be transported, except in case of emergency, until positive identification is confirmed.
- B. If a prisoner is being transported to a local court, the paperwork should have already been transferred. If the prisoner is being transported to a court in another jurisdiction, copies of the arrest record, complaint, and related reports must accompany them.
- C. If the prisoner is being transported to another facility, copies of their arrest record, court papers and personal property should accompany them.
- D. Transfer documentation must include information that specifically alerts receiving officers to potential security problems. This information may include the prisoner's suicide or escape potential and unusual illnesses.

X. ARRESTEES OR PRISONERS UTILIZING INTERVIEW ROOM

- A. No officer will allow an arrestee or prisoner to be left unattended in any room other than a holding cell while at the Los Lunas Police Department.
- B. Personnel in close proximity of the room should be available to intervene on behalf of the arrestee/prisoner or the officer and the interview room cannot be locked.
- C. All arrestees or prisoners will be searched prior to the interview process.
- D. The interview room shall be searched prior to the arrestee or prisoner being brought in.
- E. Officers will use their training and experience to decide whether or not to be armed during the interview.
- F. All interviews will be conducted in a designated interview room.
- G. All supervisors will train officers assigned to their shift in dealing with

arrestees and prisoners while utilizing the interview room.

XI. ARRESTEES OR PRISONERS

- A. Arrestees or prisoners will be taken to the Los Lunas Police Department for processing unless the arrestee or prisoner is violent; then the officer can take them directly to the Valencia County Detention Center for processing.
- B. When juveniles are arrested, the officers will notify the juvenile probation office to determine if detention is required. If detention is required and authorized by the JPPO, the JPPO will advise the officers. At no time will a juvenile be held with an adult prisoner or in the presence of an adult prisoner. At no time will a juvenile be placed in the Valencia County Detention Center.
- C. All required paperwork will be completed before the juvenile is transported to a detention facility.
- D. All officers will adhere to the transporting and handling of arrested juveniles according to policy.

XII. HOLDING CELL/ BOOKING ROOM PROCEDURES

- A. In the event the on duty shift is unable to transport prisoners to Valencia County Detention Center immediately; they will be placed into the holding cells and/or secured to a stationary object of the Los Lunas Police Department. If prisoners are placed in the holding cell the following procedures will be followed:
 - 1. Officer(s) will place their duty weapon in the trunk of their patrol unit or place the weapon in one of the designated lock boxes.
 - 2. Officer(s) will remove the prisoner from their patrol unit and walk them to the booking area of the Los Lunas Police Department in accordance to OPR.08.01 XIII Sally Port Procedures.
 - 3. Officer(s) will go back to their patrol unit and check to see if any contraband was left by the prisoner.
 - 4. Officer(s) will then begin the booking process for the prisoner.
 - 5. If the prisoner needs to be placed in one of the holding cells, there will be a log on each cell door. The officer(s) will write the

prisoner's name, date and the time that the prisoner was placed in the cell on this log. The log will be signed by the officer.

6. The prisoners will be checked every 15 minutes to ensure their welfare is taken care of.
 7. Officer(s) bringing any person into the booking room or removing any person from the booking room will notify dispatch.
 8. Officer (s) placing any person inside of a holding cell or removing any person from a holding cell inside of the booking room will notify dispatch.
 9. Officer (s) placing any person inside of a holding cell will check and ensure that the cell door is secure by pulling on the door and door handle after closing it.
- C. The Los Lunas Police Department holding cells are not permanent housing for the prisoners; only temporary shelter until such times as the prisoners can be transported to Valencia County Detention Center.
1. Officers shall, if at all possible, hold a prisoner for up to three (3) hours at the police department's booking/holding facility prior to transporting the prisoner to the Valencia County Detention Center, if the prisoner is going to be able to post bail within three (3) hours.

XIII. SALLY PORT PROCEDURES

A. Officers transporting prisoners to the Los Lunas Police Department for booking will:

1. Open the Sally Port using the remote/keypad.
2. Upon entry into the Sally Port and prior to removing the prisoner from the police unit:
 - a. The Sally Port door will be closed.
 - b. The officer will secure duty weapon in the department lock box or in the trunk of the police unit.
3. Upon removing the prisoner from the back seat of the police unit, the officer will conduct a complete search of the prisoner for weapons and/or contraband prior to entering the booking area. The

- prisoner will remain handcuffed during the search and the officer will have physical control of the prisoner while being escorted.
- B. If the Sally Port is occupied or unavailable, the transporting officer will:
1. Park the police unit in the available parking space next to the south Sally Port entrance.
 2. Officers will secure duty weapon in the trunk of the police unit or the department lock box.
 3. The prisoner will be escorted inside the Sally Port and the Sally Port door will be closed upon entry. The officer will have physical control of the prisoner during the escort.
 4. A search of the prisoner for weapons and/or contraband will be conducted prior to entering the booking room. The prisoner will remain handcuffed during the search.
- C. After processing, the officer will:
1. Escort the prisoner back to the police unit while maintaining physical control.
 2. The prisoner will be placed in the back seat of the police unit.
 3. The officer will obtain his/her weapon prior to returning to his/her vehicle.